

## **Cash Management Trust**

#### Investments

Colonial First State Investments Limited ABN 98 002 348 352 AFS Licence 232468





#### **Your Annual Financial Report**

I am pleased to present the reports for the financial year ended 30 June 2019 for the Colonial First State Cash Management Trust.

This statement is the final component of the reporting information for the 2018–2019 financial year.

If you have any questions about the Annual Financial Report please call Investor Services on 13 13 36 Monday to Friday, 8am to 7pm, Sydney time.

Yours sincerely,

Michael Venter Acting Chief Operating Officer Colonial First State

ARSN: 087 562 963

# FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

## **Responsible Entity of the Fund**

### **COLONIAL FIRST STATE INVESTMENTS LIMITED**

ABN: 98 002 348 352

Ground Floor Tower 1, 201 Sussex Street SYDNEY NSW 2000

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# DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

The Directors of Colonial First State Investments Limited, the Responsible Entity of the Fund as stated above, present their report together with the Financial Report of the Fund for the reporting period as stated below.

### **Reporting Period**

The current reporting period for the financial report is from 1 July 2018 to 30 June 2019. The comparative reporting period is from 1 July 2017 to 30 June 2018.

### Date of Constitution and Date of Registration of the Fund

The dates of Constitution and Registration of the Fund with the Australian Securities & Investment Commission (ASIC) are as follows:

Date of Constitution	11/05/1999
Date of Registration	9/06/1999

#### Termination of the Fund

The board of Directors of the Responsible Entity approved the termination of the Fund on 11 July 2019 in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution.

The Responsible Entity is in the process of:

- (i) realising all the assets of the Fund; and
- (ii) processing any interim repayment of capital and income distribution if required.

Upon approval of termination of the Fund, the Responsible Entity has cancelled the units held by the unitholders in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution of the Fund.

As at 30 June 2019 the process of realising all the assets of the Fund and determination of the final capital repayment to unitholders is still in process. Any distribution of income or repayment of capital during this process will be paid to the unitholders in proportion of their units held prior to termination of the Fund.

### **Principal Activities**

The principal activities of the Fund were to invest in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the withdrawn Product Disclosure Statement and in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution. Following the Fund's approval for termination, the Responsible Entity is in the process of realising the assets in the Fund and returning to unitholders the net proceeds to reduce the remaining capital.

#### Comparatives

Comparative figures are, where appropriate, reclassified so as to be comparable with the figures and presentation in the current reporting period.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

### **Review of Operations**

#### Income

The result of the operation for the Fund for the current and previous reporting periods are tabled below:

	Period ended 30/06/2019 \$	Period ended 30/06/2018 \$
Operating profit/(loss) attributable to unitholders	722,221	705,786

#### Distribution to unitholders

	Period ended 30/06/2019 \$	Period ended 30/06/2018 \$
Amount distributed during the reporting periods	616,193	648,863

Details of the income distributions for the reporting periods ended 30 June 2019 and 30 June 2018 are disclosed in the "Distributions to Unitholders" note to the financial statements.

#### **Exit Prices**

Units in the Fund were recorded at \$1.00 and interest was calculated and accrued daily.

Upon approval of termination of the Fund, the Responsible Entity has cancelled the units held by the unitholders in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution of the Fund.

### **Responsible Entity and Directors**

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is Colonial First State Investments Limited. The ultimate holding company is the Commonwealth Bank of Australia (ABN 48 123 124).

The Directors of the Responsible Entity in office during the period and up to the date of the report are:

Name of Director	Date of Appointment or resignation		
Anne Ward	Appointed on 1 January 2013.		
Penelope James	Appointed on 1 January 2013.		
Peter Hodgett	Resigned on 30 June 2019.		
Elizabeth Lewin	Resigned on 31 December 2018.		
Edward James Eason	Appointed on 15 August 2017.		
Linda Elkins	Resigned on 2 August 2019.		
Benjamin Andrew Heap	Appointed on 1 January 2019.		

The Responsible Entity is incorporated and domiciled in Australia and has its registered office at Ground Floor Tower 1, 201 Sussex Street, Sydney, New South Wales, 2000.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### Scheme Information

The Fund is a registered managed investment scheme domiciled in Australia and has its principal place of business at Ground Floor Tower 1, 201 Sussex Street, Sydney, New South Wales, 2000.

### **Unit Pricing Adjustments Policy**

There are a number of factors used to calculate unit prices. The key factors include asset valuations, liabilities, debtors, the number of units on issue and where relevant, transaction costs. When the factors used to calculate the unit price are incorrect an adjustment to the unit price may be required. The Responsible Entity uses a variance of 0.30% (0.05% for a cash investment option) in the unit price before correcting the unit price.

If a unit pricing error is greater than these tolerance levels the Responsible Entity will:

- compensate unitholders' accounts balance if they have transacted on the incorrect unit price or make other adjustments as the Responsible Entity may consider appropriate, or
- where unitholders' accounts are closed the Responsible Entity will send them a payment if the amount of the adjustment is more than \$20.

These tolerance levels are consistent with regulatory practice guidelines and industry standards. In some cases, the Responsible Entity may compensate where the unit pricing error is less than the tolerance levels.

### Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

With the exception of the termination of the Fund, there were no other significant changes in the nature of the Fund's activities during the reporting period.

#### Matters Subsequent to the End of the Reporting Period

No matters or circumstances have arisen since 30 June 2019 that have significantly affected, or may significantly affect the termination process of the Fund.

### Indemnification and Insurance Premiums for Officers and Auditor

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Fund in relation to insurance cover provided to Colonial First State Investments Limited or the auditor of the Fund. So long as the officers of Colonial First State Investments Limited act in accordance with the Constitution and the Corporations Act 2001, the officers remain indemnified out of the assets of the Fund against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Fund. The auditor of the Fund is in no way indemnified out of the assets of the Fund.

The Commonwealth Bank of Australia (CBA) has paid insurance premiums for the benefit of the Directors and Officers of the Responsible Entity, a wholly owned subsidiary of CBA. Details of the nature of the liabilities covered or the amount of the premium paid has not been included as such disclosure is prohibited under the terms of the insurance contracts.

### Likely Developments and Expected Results of Operations

The Fund has been approved for termination and is in the process of winding up its operations and returning capital to unitholders.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

### Fees Paid to and Received by the Responsible Entity or its Associates

Fees paid or payable to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of the Fund's assets during the reporting period are disclosed in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

No fees were paid to the Directors of the Responsible Entity during the reporting period out of the Fund's assets.

#### Interests in the Fund

Prior to the termination of the Fund, the units issued and redeemed in the Fund during the period and the number of units on issue at the end of the financial period are set out in "Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders" note to the financial statements. The value of the Fund's assets at the end of the financial period is set out in the Balance Sheet. Upon approval for termination, the units of the Fund were cancelled. Each unitholder will continue to be entitled to their share of distribution or capital repayment in the same proportion as at the date of approval of termination.

There are no interests in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity or its associates at the end of the reporting period.

#### **Environmental Regulation**

The Fund's operations are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under a Commonwealth, State or Territory law. There have been no known significant breaches of any other environmental requirements applicable to the Fund.

#### **Auditor's Independence Declaration**

A copy of the Auditor's Independence Declaration as required under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out in the following page.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of Colonial First State Investments Limited.

Penelope James Director Sydney 23 August 2019



## Auditor's Independence Declaration

As lead auditor for the audit of Colonial First State Cash Management Trust for the year ended 30 June 2019, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- (a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

**CJ Cummins** 

Partner

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Sydney 23 August 2019

## STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

	Note	1/07/2018 -	1/07/2017 -
		30/06/2019	30/06/2018
Investment Income		\$	\$
Interest income	3	1,584,164	1,657,420
Net gains/(losses) on financial			
instruments at fair value through			
profit or loss		(26,218)	10,390
Other income		575	1
Total investment income/(loss)		1,558,521	1,667,811
Expenses			
Responsible Entity's			
management fees	8(c)	827,481	953,341
Brokerage costs		148	131
Other expenses		8,671	8,553
Total operating expenses		836,300	962,025
Profit/(Loss) for the period		722,221	705,786
Other comprehensive income			
for the period		-	-
Total comprehensive income			
for the period		722,221	705,786

The above Statement of Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

## BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2019

	Note	30/06/2019	30/06/2018
		\$	\$
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		11,449,396	12,785,084
Trade and other receivables:			
- application monies		542,876	247,434
- interest		1,352	15,309
- others		21,433	23,568
Financial assets held at fair value			
through profit or loss	5	58,864,153	66,727,824
Total assets		70,879,210	79,799,219
Liabilities			
Trade and other payables:			
- others		2,654	626
Distribution payable		6,499	8,000
Responsible Entity - fee	8(c)	70,264	79,423
Financial liabilities held at			
fair value through profit or loss	5	6,815	-
Total liabilities (excluding net			
assets attributable to unitholders)		86,232	88,049
Net assets attributable			
to unitholders		70,792,978	79,711,170

The above Balance Sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS AT 30 JUNE 2019

		30/06/2019	30/06/2018
	Note	\$	\$
Opening equity at the beginning		70 744 470	00.470.000
of the period		79,711,170	88,178,922
Profit/(Loss) for the period		722,221	705,786
Other comprehensive income for			
the period		-	-
Total comprehensive income			
for the period		722,221	705,786
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners			
Distribution to unitholders	4	(616,193)	(648,863)
Application of units		71,662,029	82,897,732
Redemption of units		(81,264,090)	(92,027,608)
Reinvestment during the period		577,841	605,201
Closing equity at the end of the period		70,792,978	79,711,170

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the "Changes in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders" note in the accompanying notes.

## CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

	Note	1/07/2018 -	1/07/2017 -
		30/06/2019	30/06/2018
		\$	\$
Cash flows from			
operating activities			
Proceeds from sale of financial			
instruments		326,899,064	308,296,360
Payments for purchase of financial			
instruments		(319,048,976)	(302,279,022)
Interest received		1,592,301	1,689,956
Responsible Entity fee received/			
(paid)		(834,505)	(959,770)
Payment for brokerage costs		(148)	(131)
Others		(8,096)	(8,551)
Net cash (used in)/from	<b>-</b> ( )		
operating activities	7(a)	8,599,640	6,738,842
Cash flows from financing			
activities			
Receipts from issue of units		71,368,615	84,446,448
Payment for redemption of units		(81,264,090)	(92,320,268)
Distributions paid		(39,853)	(46,545)
		(52,552)	(10,010)
Net cash (used in)/from			
financing activities		(9,935,328)	(7,920,365)
Net movement in cash and			
cash equivalents		(1,335,688)	(1,181,523)
Cash equivalents		(1,333,000)	(1,101,323)
Add opening cash and cash			
equivalents brought forward		12,785,084	13,966,607
Closing cash and cash			
equivalents carried forward		11,449,396	12,785,084

The above Cash Flow Statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Non-cash financing activities are disclosed in part (b) under "Cash and Cash Equivalents" note to the financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Basis of Preparation

The financial report is a general purpose financial report, which has been prepared in accordance with the Fund's Constitution and the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001, which includes Accounting Standards. Other mandatory professional reporting requirements have also been complied with.

The board of Directors of the Responsible Entity approved the termination of the Fund on 11 July 2019 in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution. Consequently the Directors have determined that the going concern basis of preparation is no longer appropriate.

The Responsible Entity is in the process of:

- (i) realising all the assets of the Fund;
- (ii) processing any interim repayment of capital and income distribution if required.
- (iii) distributing to the unitholders the net income of the Fund; and
- (iv) redeeming the units held by the unitholders in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution.

As at 30 June 2019 the termination process is in progress.

The financial information presented in this financial report for the year ended 30 June 2019 has been prepared on the basis that the Fund is not a going concern for financial reporting purposes.

The Fund is a for-profit unit trust for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

Both the functional and presentational currency of the Fund are Australian dollars.

The financial report has not been prepared on a going concern basis and assets have been measured at fair value which approximates net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price the entity expects to obtain under the circumstances less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. This fund has no obligations in respect of wind-up costs and as a result no provision has been made for wind-up costs. Non-current assets and non-current liabilities have been reclassified to current where they are expected to be realised or settled within the next twelve months from the reporting date. Liabilities have been presented in order of their priority in liquidation.

The accounting policies set out below have been applied within this context.

The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

The current reporting period for the financial report is from 1 July 2018 to 30 June 2019. The comparative reporting period is from 1 July 2017 to 30 June 2018.

Comparative figures are, where appropriate, reclassified so as to be comparable with the figures and presentation in the current reporting period.

The financial report was authorised for issue by the Directors of the Responsible Entity on 23 August 2019. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (i) Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards

The Financial Report complies with Australian Accounting Standards, which include Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards ("AIFRS"). Compliance with AIFRS ensures that the financial report, comprising the financial statements and notes thereto, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

#### (ii) New and Amended Standards adopted by the Fund

AASB 9 Financial Instruments became effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. It addresses the classification, measurement and derecognition of financial assets and liabilities and replaces the multiple classification and measurement models in AASB 139.

Classification and measurement of debt securities is driven by the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

A debt instrument is measured at amortised cost if the objective of the business model is to hold the financial asset for the collection of the contractual cash flows and the contractual cash flows under the instrument represent solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI). A debt instrument is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if the objective of the business model is to hold the financial asset both to collect contractual cash flows from SPPI and to sell.

All other debt instruments must be recognised at fair value through profit or loss. An entity may however, at initial recognition, irrevocably designate a financial asset as measured at fair value through profit or loss if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency.

Derivative and equity instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless, for equity instruments not held for trading, an irrevocable option is taken to measure at fair value through other comprehensive income. AASB 9 also introduces a new expected credit loss (ECL) impairment model.

AASB 9 has been applied retrospectively by the Fund without the use of hindsight and it has determined that adoption did not result in a change to the classification or measurement of financial instruments in either the current or prior periods. The Fund has elected to restate the comparative period presented to comply with AASB 9. The Fund's investment portfolio continues to be classified as fair value through profit or loss and other financial assets which are held for collection continue to be measured at amortised cost. There was no material impact on adoption from the application of the new impairment model.

#### (b) Investments in Financial Assets and Liabilities Held at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

#### (i) Classification

#### **Assets**

The Fund classifies its investments based on its business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The Fund's portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy. The Fund's policy is for the Responsible Entity to evaluate the information about these financial assets on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

For equity securities and derivatives, the contractual cash flows of these instruments do not represent solely payments of principal and interest. Consequently, these investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

For debt securities, the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, however they are neither held for collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Fund's business model objective. Consequently, the debt securities are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

- 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
- (b) Investments in Financial Assets and Liabilities Held at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (continued)
- (i) Classification (continued)

Liabilities

Derivative contracts that have a negative fair value are presented as liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

### (ii) Recognition/Derecognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

Investments are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership.

#### (iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Fund measures financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value. Transaction costs of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss' in the period in which they arise.

For further details on how the fair values of financial instruments are determined please see "Financial Assets and Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss" note to the financial statements.

#### (iv) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance Sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Refer to the "Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities" note to the financial statements for further information.

#### (c) Investment Income

Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost is recognised on a time-proportionate basis using the effective interest method and includes interest from cash and cash equivalents. Interest from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is determined based on the contractual coupon interest rate and includes interest from debt securities.

Dividend and distribution income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income within dividend income and distribution income when the Fund's right to receive payments is established.

Other changes in fair value for such instruments are recorded in accordance with the policies described in the "Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss" note to the financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (d) Due from/to Brokers

Amounts due from/to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet delivered by the end of the year. The due from brokers balance is held for collection and consequently measured at amortised cost.

These amounts are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. At each reporting date, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance on amounts due from broker at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. Significant financial difficulties of the broker, probability that the broker will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that a loss allowance may be required. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit impaired, interest income will be calculated based on the gross carrying amount adjusted for the loss allowance. A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due. Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

#### (e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the Balance Sheet comprise cash at bank, deposits at call with futures clearing house and short-term bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

For the purposes of the Cash Flow Statement, cash and cash equivalents are as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

#### (f) Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for dividends, interest and trust distributions. Dividends and trust distributions are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Interest is accrued at the end of each reporting period from the time of last payment in accordance with the policy set out in note 1(c) above. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

Collectability of trade receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectable are written off by reducing the carrying amount directly. An allowance account (provision for impairment of trade receivables) is used when there is objective evidence that the Fund will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments (more than 30 days overdue) are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired. The amount of the impairment allowance is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. Cash flows relating to short term receivables are not discounted if the effect of discounting is immaterial.

The amount of the impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss within other expenses. When a trade receivable for which an impairment allowance had been recognised becomes uncollectible in a subsequent period, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in profit or loss.

#### (g) Payables

Payables include liabilities and accrued expenses owing by the Fund which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting period. As the Fund has a contractual obligation to distribute its distributable income, a separate distribution payable is recognised in the balance sheet as at the end of each reporting period where this amount remains unpaid as at the end of the reporting period.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (h) Taxation

Under current legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax provided they attribute the entirety of their taxable income to their unitholders.

#### (i) Distributions to Unitholders

Distributions are payable as set out in the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement. Such distributions are determined by the Responsible Entity of the Fund. Distributable income includes capital gains arising from the disposal of financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss. Unrealised gains and losses on financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss that are recognised as income are transferred to net assets attributable to unitholders and are not assessable and distributable until realised. Capital losses are not distributed to unitholders but are retained to be offset against any realised capital gains.

#### (j) Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders

Units are redeemable at the unitholders' option, however, applications and redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity if it is in the best interests of the unitholders.

The units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash based on the redemption price, which is equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value attributable to the unitholders.

The units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at balance sheet date if the holder exercises the right to put the units back to the Fund. This amount represents the expected cash flows on redemption of these units.

Units are classified as equity when they satisfy the following criteria under AASB 132 Financial instruments: Presentation:

- the puttable financial instrument entitles the holder to a pro-rata share of net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation
- the puttable financial instrument is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments and class features are identical
- the puttable financial instrument does not include any contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset, or to exchange financial instruments with another entity under potentially unfavorable conditions to the Fund, and it is not a contract settled in the Fund's own equity instruments; and
- the total expected cash flows attributable to the puttable financial instrument over the life are based substantially on the profit or loss.

The Fund's units have been classified as equity as they satisfied all the above criteria.

### (k) Terms and Conditions on Units

Each unit issued confers upon the unitholder an equal interest in the Fund, and is of equal value. A unit does not confer any interest in any particular asset or investment of the Fund. Unitholders have various rights under the Constitution and the Corporations Act 2001, including the right to:

- have their units redeemed;
- attend and vote at meetings of unitholders; and
- participate in the termination and winding up of the Fund.

The rights, obligations and restrictions attached to each unit are identical in all respects.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (I) Applications and Redemptions

Prior to the termination of the Fund, applications received for units are recorded net of any entry fees payable (where applicable) prior to the issue of units in the Fund. Redemptions from the Fund are recorded gross of any exit fees payable (where applicable) after the cancellation of units redeemed.

Upon the termination of the Fund, the issue, switching and redemption of units ceased.

#### (m) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Income, expenses and assets, with the exception of receivables and payables, are recognised net of the amount of GST to the extent that the GST is recoverable from the taxation authority. Where GST is not recoverable, it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of GST.

Reduced input tax credits (RITC) recoverable by the Fund from the Australian Taxation Office are recognised as receivables in the Balance Sheet.

Cash flows are included in the Cash Flow Statement on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as operating cash flows.

#### (n) Expense Recognition

All expenses, including responsible entity's fees and custodian fees, are recognised in profit or loss on an accruals basis.

#### (o) Use of Estimates

The Responsible Entity makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial period. Estimates are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### (p) Unit Prices

Prior to termination of the Fund, unit prices are recorded at \$1.00 per unit.

Following the announcement of termination of the Fund, the units were cancelled.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (q) Investment Entity

The Responsible Entity has determined that the Fund is an investment entity under the definition in AASB 10 as it meets the following criteria:

- (a) the Fund has obtained funds from unitholders for the purpose of providing them with investment management services:
- (b) the Fund's business purpose, which it communicated directly to unitholders, is investing solely for returns from capital appreciation and investment income; and
- (c) the performance of investments made by the Fund is measured and evaluated on a fair value basis.

The Fund also meets all of the typical characteristics of investment entities.

#### (r) Transactions in Foreign Currencies

The Fund mainly transacts in Australian currency.

#### (s) New Application of Accounting Standards

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2019, and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements. None of these are expected to have a material impact on the financial statements of the Fund.

#### (t) Structured Entities

A structured entity is an entity in which voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding control. Structured entities are generally created to achieve a narrow and well defined objective with restrictions around their ongoing activities. Depending on the Fund's power over the activities of the entity and its exposure to and ability to influence its own returns, it may control the entity. However, the Fund applies the Investment Entity Exemption available under AASB10 and therefore does not consolidate its controlled entities (Note 1(p)). In other cases it may have exposure to such an entity but not control it.

An interest in a structured entity is any form of contractual or non-contractual involvement which creates variability in returns arising from the performance of the entity for the Fund. Such interests include holdings of units in unlisted trusts, including managed investment schemes. The nature and extent of the Fund's interests in structured entities are titled "managed investment schemes" and are summarised in Note 1(b), "Financial Assets Held at Fair Value through Profit or Loss" and "Related Parties Disclosures" notes where appropriate. The total size of the structured entities that the Fund has exposure to is the net assets of the "managed investment schemes", which is determined based on the percentage interest held and carrying value disclosed in the "Related Parties Disclosures" note.

#### 2. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The auditor's remuneration in respect of auditing the financial reports is fully paid by the Responsible Entity.

The Responsible Entity may recharge a portion of the auditor's remuneration to the Fund. See the note under "Management Expenses Recharged" in the "Related Parties Disclosures" note to the Financial Statements.

Other services provided by the auditor are the audit of the compliance plan of the Fund and tax compliance services. The auditor's non-audit remuneration is also fully paid by the Responsible Entity.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 3. INTEREST INCOME

The interest income of the Fund is summarised as follows:

	1/07/2018 - 30/06/2019	1/07/2017 - 30/06/2018
	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	172,419	217,148
Debt securities	1,411,745	1,440,272
Total Interest Income	1,584,164	1,657,420

#### 4. DISTRIBUTIONS TO UNITHOLDERS

The Responsible Entity adopts the policy of distributing as a minimum the net income for tax purposes. The amounts shown as "Distribution payable" in the Balance Sheet represent the components of the distributions for the reporting period which had not been paid at balance date.

The amounts distributed and the income rate distributed during the period were:

	1/07/2018 - 30/06/2019 Annualised Income Rate		6/2019 1/07/2017 - 30/06/ Annualised Income Rate	
Distribution Periods ended:	%	\$	%	\$
- 30 September	0.95	182,204	0.74	164,210
- 31 December	0.82	155,377	0.68	154,310
- 31 March	0.86	161,295	0.73	156,699
- 30 June	0.64	117,317	0.87	173,644
Distributions to unitholders		616,193		648,863

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 5. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

#### (a) Fair Value Measurements

The Fund measures and recognises the following assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis:

- Financial assets / liabilities at fair value through profit or loss
- Derivative financial instruments

The Fund has no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the current reporting period.

Other than the financial assets and liabilities classified as fair value through profit or loss, all other financial assets and liabilities of the fund are recognised initially at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

#### (b) Fair Value Hierarchy

AASB 13 requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Level 1 for quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 for inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 for inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

#### (i) Fair Value in an active market (Level 1)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on their quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

The Fund values its investments in accordance with the policies set out in Note 1 to the Financial Statements. For the majority of these investments, the Fund relies on information provided by independent pricing services for the valuation of its investments.

The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Fund is the current bid price, the appropriate quoted market price for financial liabilities is the current asking price. When the Fund holds derivatives with offsetting market risks, it uses mid-market prices as a basis for establishing fair values for the offsetting risk positions and applies this bid and asking price to the net open position, as appropriate.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

Where discounted cash flow techniques are used, estimated future cash flows are based on management's best estimates and the discount rate used is a market rate at the end of the reporting period applicable for an instrument with similar terms and conditions.

For other pricing models, inputs are based on market data at the end of the reporting period. Fair values for unquoted equity investments are estimated, if possible, using applicable price/earnings ratios for similar listed companies adjusted to reflect the specific circumstances of the issuer.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 5. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (continued)

#### (ii) Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market (Level 2 and Level 3) (continued)

The fair value of derivatives that are not exchange traded is estimated at the amount that the Fund would receive or pay to terminate the contract at the end of the reporting period taking into account current market conditions (volatility and appropriate yield curve) and the current creditworthiness of the counterparties. The fair value of a forward contract is determined as a net present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at appropriate market rates as at the valuation date. The fair value of an option contract is determined by applying the Black Scholes option valuation model.

Investments in other unlisted unit trusts are recorded at the redemption value per unit as reported by the investment managers of such funds.

Some of the inputs to these models may not be market observable and are therefore estimated based on assumptions.

The output of a model is always an estimate or approximation of a value that cannot be determined with certainty, and valuation techniques employed may not fully reflect all factors relevant to the positions the Fund holds. Valuations are therefore adjusted, to allow for additional factors including liquidity risk and counterparty risk.

#### (c) Recognised Fair Value Measurements

The following table presents the Fund's assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value as at the end of the reporting periods.

30/06/2019	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial Assets at fair value through profit or loss:				
Debt Securities	58,864,153	-	58,864,153	-
Total Assets at fair value through profit or loss	58,864,153	-	58,864,153	-
Financial Liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:				
Derivatives	(6,815)	(6,815)	-	-
Total Liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(6,815)	(6,815)	-	-
30/06/2018	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial Assets at fair value through profit or loss:				
Debt Securities	66,725,455	_	66,725,455	_
Derivatives	2,369	2,369	-	-
Total Assets at fair value through profit or loss	66,727,824	2,369	66,725,455	-

#### (d) Transfers between Levels

There are no material transfers between levels for the Fund during the current and previous reporting periods.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 6. CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

As stipulated within the Fund's Constitution, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Fund and does not extend to a right to the underlying assets of the Fund. There are no separate classes of units and each unit has the same rights attaching to it as all other units of the Fund.

The units of the Fund were cancelled on approval for termination of the Fund. The date of approval of termination was 11 July 2019. The Responsible Entity is in the process of realising all the investment assets and returning the net cash to unitholders as return of capital. Capital repayment and distributions will be paid to the unitholders in proportion of the units held immediately prior to termination.

#### (a) Movements in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders:

	1/07/2018 -	1/07/2017 -
	30/06/2019	30/06/2018
	\$	\$
Opening balance	79,711,170	88,178,922
Applications	71,662,029	82,897,732
Redemptions	(81,264,090)	(92,027,608)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	577,841	605,201
Change in net assets attributable		
to unitholders from operations	106,028	56,923
·	,	,
Closing Balance	70,792,978	79,711,170

#### (b) Capital Risk Management

Prior to the termination of the Fund, the Responsible Entity managed the Fund's net assets attributable to unitholders as capital. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders. Net assets attributable to unitholders are representative of the expected cash outflows on redemption.

Daily applications and redemptions are reviewed relative to the liquidity of the Fund's underlying assets on a daily basis by the responsible entity. Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust a redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unitholders.

As at 30 June 2019, the termination process of the Fund is in the progress. Upon realisation of all the remaining assets in the Fund, a final repayment of capital will be paid to the unitholders.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 7. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

## (a) Reconciliation of Net Profit/(Loss) Attributable to Unitholders to Net Cash from Operating Activities

	1/07/2018 - 30/06/2019	
	\$	\$
Net profit/(loss) attributable to unitholders	722,221	705,786
Proceeds from sale of financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss	326,899,064	308,296,360
Payments for purchase of financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss	(319,048,976)	(302,279,022)
Changes in fair value of financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss	26,218	(10,390)
Distribution or Dividend income reinvested	-	-
Net foreign exchange gain/(loss)	-	-
Change in receivables and other assets	10,272	34,566
Change in payables and other liabilities	(9,159)	(8,458)
Net Cash From/(Used In) Operating Activities	8,599,640	6,738,842

## (b) Non-cash Financing Activities Carried Out During the Reporting Periods on Normal Commercial Terms and Conditions include:

- Reinvestment of unitholders distributions as disclosed under "Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions" in part (a) of the "Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders" note to the financial statements.
- Participation in dividend reinvestment plans as disclosed under "Distribution or Dividend Income Reinvested" in part (a) of the "Cash and Cash Equivalents" note to the financial statements.

#### (c) Terms and Conditions on Cash

Cash at bank and in hand, cash held as collateral and deposits at call with financial institutions, earn interest at floating rate as determined by the financial institutions.

#### (d) Derivative Cash Accounts

Included in the cash and cash equivalents are derivative cash accounts which comprise of margin accounts and cash held as collateral for derivative transactions.

30/06/2019	30/06/2018
\$	\$
12,857	9,959

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 8. RELATED PARTIES DISCLOSURES

#### (a) Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is Colonial First State Investments Limited. The ultimate holding company is the Commonwealth Bank of Australia (the Bank).

The Responsible Entity is incorporated and domiciled in Australia and has its registered office at Ground Floor Tower 1, 201 Sussex Street, Sydney, New South Wales, 2000.

### (b) Details of Key Management Personnel

#### (i) Key Management Personnel

The Directors of Colonial First State Investments Limited are considered to be Key Management Personnel. The Directors of the Responsible Entity in office during the period and up to the date of the report are:

Name of Director	Date of Appointment or Resignation
Anne Ward	Appointed on 1 January 2013.
Penelope James	Appointed on 1 January 2013.
Peter Hodgett	Resigned on 30 June 2019.
Elizabeth Lewin	Resigned on 31 December 2018.
Edward James Eason	Appointed on 15 August 2017.
Linda Elkins	Resigned on 2 August 2019.
Benjamin Andrew Heap	Appointed on 1 January 2019.

#### (ii) Compensation of Key Management Personnel

No amounts are paid by the Fund directly to the Directors of the Responsible Entity of the Fund.

Directors are employed as executives of the Commonwealth Bank of Australia, and in that capacity, part of their role is to act as a director of the Responsible Entity. Consequently, no compensation as defined in AASB 124: Related Parties is paid by the Fund to the Directors as Key Management Personnel.

#### (c) Responsible Entity's Management Fees

Under the terms of the Constitution, the Responsible Entity is entitled to receive monthly management fees which are expressed as a percentage of the total assets of the Fund (i.e. excluding liabilities). Management fees are paid directly by the Fund. The table below shows the current fee rates charged.

Where monies are invested into other funds managed by the Responsible Entity the management fees are calculated after rebating fees charged in the underlying funds. As a consequence, the amounts shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income reflect only the amount of fees charged directly to the Fund.

The management fees rate charged for the current and comparative reporting periods are as follows:

	1/07/2018 -	1/07/2017 -
	30/06/2019	30/06/2018
	%	%
Management fees rate for the reporting periods	1.10	1.10

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 8. RELATED PARTIES DISCLOSURES (continued)

The Responsible Entity's management fees charged for the reporting periods are as follows:

	1/07/2018 - 30/06/2019 \$	1/07/2017 - 30/06/2018 \$
Management fees charged/(refunded) for the reporting periods	827,481	953,341

Fees due to/(refund from) the Responsible Entity as at the end of the reporting period.

	1/07/2018 - 30/06/2019 \$	1/07/2017 - 30/06/2018 \$
Fees due to/(refund from) the Responsible Entity as at the end of the reporting periods	70,264	79,423

### (d) Management Expenses Recharged

No other management expenses are recharged to the Fund by the Responsible Entity.

#### (e) Bank and Deposit Accounts

The bank accounts and 11am deposit accounts for the Fund may be held with the Commonwealth Bank of Australia. Fees and expenses are negotiated on an arm's length basis. Various short term money market, fixed interest securities and foreign currency transactions are from time to time transacted through the Commonwealth Bank of Australia which receives a fee which is negotiated on an arm's length basis.

#### (f) Units Held by Related Parties

There is no interest of Colonial First State Investments Limited and its associates in the Fund.

#### (g) Related Party Transactions

The Fund may transact with other managed investment schemes, which are also managed by the Responsible Entity. These transactions normally consist of the sale or purchase of units in related managed investment schemes and receipt and payment of distributions on normal commercial terms and conditions.

### (i) Terms and Conditions of Transactions with Related Parties

All related party transactions are made in arm's length transactions on normal commercial terms and conditions. Outstanding balances at period end are unsecured and settlement occurs in cash.

#### (ii) Guarantees

There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

### 8. RELATED PARTIES DISCLOSURES (continued)

- (h) Investing Activities
- (i) Related Managed Investment Schemes

The Fund did not invest in any related managed investment schemes.

(ii) Related Listed Securities

The Fund did not invest in any related listed securities.

(iii) Other related Financial Instruments

The Fund has certain financial instruments issued by the Bank and its associates.

**CBA** 

Fixed Interest and Discount securities - market value

2018
\$
15,050,046

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 9. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Investing activities of a Fund may expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including price risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The overall risk management programme focuses on ensuring compliance with its Product Disclosure Statement/Information Memorandum and seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Fund is exposed. A Fund may use derivative financial instruments to alter certain risk exposures. Financial risk management is carried out by the respective investment management departments (Investment Managers) and regularly monitored by the Investment Review Services Department of the Responsible Entity.

Different methods are used to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of interest rate, foreign exchange and other price risks and ratings analysis for credit risk.

#### (a) Market Risk

#### (i) Price Risk

Financial assets are either directly or indirectly exposed to price risk. This arises from investments held for which prices in the future are uncertain. They are classified on the balance sheet at fair value through profit or loss. All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is determined by the fair value of the financial instruments.

An Investment Manager may mitigate price risk through diversification and a careful selection of securities and other financial instruments within specified limits and guidelines in accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement/Information Memorandum or Constitutions and are monitored by the Investment Review Services Department of the Responsible Entity.

The table in part (b) under "Summarised Sensitivity Analysis" of the "Financial Risk Management" note to the financial statements summarises the impact of an increase/decrease of the Australian and global indexes on the Fund's net assets attributable to unitholders at the end of the reporting periods. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the relevant indexes increased or decreased as tabled with all other variables held constant and that fair values of the Fund move according to the historical correlation with the indexes.

#### (ii) Foreign Exchange Risk

The Fund does not hold monetary or non-monetary assets denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollars and therefore is not exposed to foreign exchange risk.

#### (iii) Interest Rate Risk

Interest bearing financial instruments are exposed to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on their financial position and cash flows. Cash flow interest rate risk arises on financial instruments with variable interest rates. Financial instruments with fixed rates expose the Fund to fair value interest rate risk. The risk is measured using sensitivity analysis.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 9. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### (iii) Interest Rate Risk (continued)

The Fund may also enter into derivative financial instruments to mitigate the risk of future interest rate changes in accordance with the risk policies and guidelines of the Investment Managers. These transactions are regularly monitored by the Investment Review Services Department of the Responsible Entity. The table below summarises the Fund's exposure to interest rate risks other than in cash only. It includes the Fund's assets and liabilities at fair values.

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Non-interest	Total
	interest rate	interest rate	bearing	<b>\$1000</b>
00/00/0040	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
30/06/2019				
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	11,449,396	-	-	11,449,396
Receivables	-	-	565,661	565,661
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	-	58,864,153	-	58,864,153
Financial liabilities				
Payables	-	-	(79,417)	(79,417)
Financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss			, ,	, ,
- Derivatives	_	(6,815)	-	(6,815)
	11,449,396	58,857,338	486,244	70,792,978
Net increase/(decrease) in exposure				
from interest rate swaps (notional				
principal)	_	-	-	-
Net exposure	11,449,396	58,857,338	486,244	70,792,978
30/06/2018				
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	12,785,084	-	-	12,785,084
Receivables	_	-	286,311	286,311
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	_	66,725,456	<sup>'</sup> (1)	66,725,455
Derivatives	_	2,369	- '	2,369
Financial liabilities		,		,
Payables	_	_	(88,049)	(88,049)
,			(00,010)	(00,000)
	12,785,084	66,727,825	198,261	79,711,170
Net increase/(decrease) in exposure				
from interest rate swaps (notional				
principal)	_	-	-	_
Net exposure	12,785,084	66,727,825	198,261	79,711,170

The table in part (b) under "Summarised Sensitivity Analysis" of the "Financial Risk Management" note to the financial statements, summarises the impact of an increase/decrease of interest rates on the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to unitholders through changes in fair value or changes in future cash flows. The analysis is based on the assumption that interest rates increase or decrease by a "predetermined basis points" from the year end rates with all other variables held constant. The impact mainly arises from changes in the fair value of debt securities. The "predetermined basis points" are disclosed in the table below.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 9. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### (b) Summarised Sensitivity Analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's operating profit or loss and net assets attributable to unitholders to interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk and other price risk. The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables have been determined based on management's best estimate, having regard to a number of factors, including historical levels of changes in interest rates and foreign exchange rates, historical correlation of the Fund's investments with the relevant benchmark and market volatility. However, actual movements in the risk variables may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market shocks resulting from changes in the performance of and/or correlation between the performance of the economies, markets and securities in which the Fund invests. As a result, historic variations in risk variables should not be used to predict future variations in the risk variables.

The Fund may not be subject to all these risks and are denoted with "-" in the table below.

	Interest ra	ate risk	Foreign exc	change risk	Price risk	
	Impact or	Impact on operating profit/(loss) and net assets attributable to unitholders				
	-50 basis points	50 basis points	-10.00%	10.00%	-5.00%	5.00%
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
30/06/2019	( 351,909)	351,909	-	-	-	-
	-50 basis points	50 basis points	-10.00%	10.00%	-3.60%	3.60%
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
30/06/2018	( 397,468)	397,468	-	-	-	-

#### (c) Credit risk

The Fund is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when they fall due. Credit risk primarily arises from investments in debt securities and derivative products. Other credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and other financial institutions, amounts due from brokers and other receivables.

The Fund may transact in derivatives in the over the counter (OTC) markets. OTC derivatives are entered into directly with the counterparty as there is no Clearing House arrangement. Such transactions are only dealt through suitably credit-worthy counterparties. The maximum exposure to credit risk for these OTC derivatives is the contract/notional amount, as shown in the "Derivative Financial Instruments" note to the financial statements.

The Fund invests in debt securities which have an investment grade as rated by the Standard & Poor's rating agency. For unrated assets a rating is assigned by the Investment Manager using an approach that is consistent with the approach used by rating agencies.

The exposure to credit risk for cash and cash equivalents is low as all counterparties have a credit rating of at least AA.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 9. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

### (c) Credit risk (continued)

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of the financial assets and the contract/notional amount of the OTC derivatives. An analysis of debt securities by rating is set out in the table below:

	30/06/2019 \$	30/06/2018 \$
Rating AAA	58,864,153	66,725,455
Total	58,864,153	66,725,455

The Fund has entered into a credit support agreement with various counterparties which allow the Fund to pledge cash and securities as collateral to cover unrealised hedge exposures on certain derivatives. Under this agreement, the Fund can provide securities in the form of cash, listed equities or debt securities to a counterparty as collateral on terms which permit the counterparty to repledge or resell these securities to others. The counterparties have an obligation to return the securities or equivalent credit support (i.e. securities of the same type, nominal value, description and amount) to the Fund. The risks and benefits of ownership of the securities remain with the Fund and therefore the securities have not been derecognised (i.e. treated as having been sold). These asset are included as Financial Assets held at fair value through profit and loss in the Balance Sheet.

#### (d) Liquidity risk

The Fund is exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. It therefore primarily holds investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed. Only a limited proportion of its assets are held in investments not actively traded on a stock exchange.

The Fund's financial liabilities, excluding derivative financial liabilities, comprise trade and other payables and are contractually due within 30 days.

The table below analyses the Fund's derivative financial instruments into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period to the contractual maturity date at the year end date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted gross cash flows expected to be paid or received, determined by reference to the conditions existing at the reporting period end date. The contractual amounts can be settled on a gross or net basis.

	Less than 1 month	1 - 3 months	3 - 12 months	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
	\$	\$	\$	<b>\$</b>	\$	- P	\$
30/06/2019							
Derivatives: Inflows (Outflows)		(7)	- -	- -	- -	- -	- (7)
30/06/2018							
Derivatives: Inflows (Outflows)	- -	5 -	- -	- -	- -	- -	5 -

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 10. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In the normal course of business the Fund may enter into transactions in various derivative financial instruments which have certain risks. A derivative is a financial instrument or other contract which is settled at a future date and whose value changes in response to the change in a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index or other variable.

Derivative financial instruments require no initial net investment or an initial net investment that is smaller than would be required for other types of contracts that would be expected to have a similar response to changes in market factors.

Derivative transactions include many different instruments such as forwards, futures and options. Derivatives are considered to be part of the investment process and the use of derivatives is an essential part of the Fund's portfolio management. Derivatives are not managed in isolation. Consequently, the use of derivatives is multifaceted and includes:

- hedging to protect an asset or liability against a fluctuation in market values, to reduce volatility or as a substitution for trading of physical securities and
- adjusting asset exposures within the parameters set in the investment strategy, and adjusting the duration of fixed interest portfolios or the weighted average maturity of cash portfolios.

While derivatives are used for trading purposes, they are not used to gear (leverage) a portfolio. Gearing a portfolio would occur if the level of exposure to the markets exceeds the underlying value of the Fund.

Derivative instruments used by the Fund may include the following:

#### - Futures

Futures are contractual obligations to buy or sell financial instruments on a future date at a specified price established in an organised market. The futures contracts are collateralised by cash or marketable securities. Changes in futures contracts' values are usually settled net daily with the exchange. Interest rate futures are contractual obligations to receive or pay a net amount based on changes in interest rates at a future date at a specified price, established in an organised market.

#### - Options

An option is a contractual agreement under which the seller (writer) grants the purchaser (holder) the right, but not the obligation, either to buy (a call option) or sell (a put option) at or buy a set date or during a set period, a specific amount of securities or a financial instrument at a predetermined price. The seller receives a premium from the purchaser in consideration for the assumption of future securities price. Options held by the Fund are exchange-traded. The Fund is exposed to credit risk on purchased options to the extent of their carrying amount, which is their fair value. Options are settled on a gross basis.

#### Interest Rate Swaps

Interest rate swap contracts are agreements under which the parties exchange one stream of interest for another. They are used to hedge cash flows against unfavourable movements in interest rates. The contracts are for interest rates on notional principal amounts and can cover, for example, fixed interest rate to floating rate or fixed rate and floating rate to fixed rate. The party with the higher interest obligation pays the net amount to the other party. The amount received is considered an offset to the interest on investment or debt hedged. At reporting dates, the differences expected to be paid or received on the maturity of the contracts are marked-to-market with the unrealised gains and losses being recognised in investment revenue.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 10. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Derivative financial instruments of the Fund at reporting period end are detailed below:

	Contract/ Fair Values		Contract/	Fair Values		
	Notional	Assets	Liabilities	Notional	Assets	Liabilities
	30/06/2019			30/06/2018		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
- Interest rate futures	(18,791,000)	-	(6,815)	(18,620,000)	2,369	-
	(18,791,000)	-	(6,815)	(18,620,000)	2,369	-

#### 11. OFFSETTING FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

The Fund will present the fair value of its derivative assets and liabilities on a gross basis. Certain derivative financial instruments are subject to enforceable master netting arrangements, such as an International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA) master netting agreement. In certain circumstances, for example, when a credit event such as a default occurs, all outstanding transactions under the ISDA agreement are terminated, the termination value is assessed and only a single net amount may be payable in settlement of all transactions.

The Fund does not invest in derivatives and is therefore not subject to master netting arrangements.

The Fund is not subject to master netting arrangements.

#### 12. STRUCTURED ENTITIES

The Fund has exposures to unconsolidated structured entities through trading activities. The Fund typically has no other involvement with the structured entity other than the securities it holds as part of trading activities and its maximum exposure to loss is restricted to the carrying value of the asset.

Exposure to trading assets are managed in accordance with financial risk management practices as set out in "Financial Risk Management" note, which includes an indication of changes in risk measures compared to prior year.

#### 13. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

The Fund did not have any contingent liabilities or commitments at the end of the current and previous reporting period.

#### 14. EVENTS AFTER BALANCE SHEET DATE

On 11 July 2019, the Board approved the termination of the trust.

No other significant events have occurred since balance sheet date which would impact on the financial position of the Fund disclosed in the Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2019 or on the results and cash flows of the Fund for the reporting period ended on that date.

### **DIRECTORS' DECLARATION** FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

In the opinion of the Directors of Colonial First State Investments Limited:

- the financial statements and notes to the financial statements of the above mentioned Fund a) are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
  - complying with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
  - giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2019 and of its performance for the reporting period ended on that date, and
- b) as disclosed in Note 1(a) to the financial statements, the Fund is being terminated. However, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable, and
- the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards issued c) by the International Accounting Standards Board as stated in Note 1.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

Penelope James Director

Sydney

23 August 2019



## Independent auditor's report

To the unitholders of Colonial First State Cash Management Trust

### Our opinion

In our opinion:

The accompanying financial report of Colonial First State Cash Management Trust (the Registered Scheme) is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the Registered Scheme's financial position as at 30 June 2019 and of its financial performance for the year then ended
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

#### What we have audited

The financial report comprises:

- the balance sheet as at 30 June 2019
- the statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended
- the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended
- the cash flow statement for the year then ended
- the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies
- the directors' declaration.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Registered Scheme in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

## Emphasis of matter - going concern basis of accounting no longer appropriate

We draw attention to Note 1(a) in the financial report, which discusses intention of the directors of the Responsible Entity of the Registered Scheme (the directors) to wind up the business prior to the next reporting period end of 30 June 2020. As a result, the financial report has been prepared on a

PricewaterhouseCoopers, ABN 52 780 433 757

One International Towers Sydney, Watermans Quay, Barangaroo, GPO BOX 2650, SYDNEY NSW 2001 T: +61 2 8266 0000, F: +61 2 8266 9999, www.pwc.com.au

Level 11, 1PSQ, 169 Macquarie Street, Parramatta NSW 2150, PO Box 1155 Parramatta NSW 2124 T: +61 2 9659 2476, F: +61 2 8266 9999, www.pwc.com.au

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liquidation basis and not on a going concern basis. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report for the year ended 30 June 2019, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of the directors for the financial report

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Registered Scheme to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Registered Scheme or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.



A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at:

http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors\_responsibilities/ar4.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

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CTC.

CJ Cummins

Partner

Sydney 23 August 2019

### **Enquiries**

Investor Services: 13 13 36

Website: colonialfirststate.com.au

Email: contactus@colonialfirststate.com.au